Carroll County School District

Financial Statements
With Supplementary Information
Year Ended June 30, 2024
With Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Education Carroll County School District Carrollton, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carroll County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Carroll County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carroll County School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Carroll County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Carroll County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Carroll County School District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Carroll County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the information on pages 4-8, 51-52, and 57-66 as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Carroll County School District's basic financial statements. The information on pages 49-50, 53-56, and 67-69 as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information on pages 49-50, 53-56, and 67-69 as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information on pages 49-50, 53-56, and 67-69 as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2024 on our consideration of the Carroll County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Carroll County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky

Gunes, Dunig & Co., Std.

October 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2024

As management of the Carroll County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The ending cash balance for the District was \$6,502,342 in 2024 and \$7,460,457 in 2023. This represents a decrease of \$958,115 due in large part to a reduction in SEEK and utility tax revenue.

During fiscal year 2024, utility tax revenue was \$2,899,113. This represents a decrease of \$841,120 or 22.49% from the previous year.

Excluding on-behalf payments, the General Fund had \$18,080,914 in revenue and other financing sources, which primarily consisted of SEEK, property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding onbehalf payments and transfers, General Fund expenditures totaled \$19,214,990.

During fiscal year 2024, the District recorded in its financial statements certain payments made by the State of Kentucky on behalf of the employees of the District, such as retirement plan match and insurance payments. These on-behalf payments totaled approximately \$5,776,450 including general fund, school food service and debt service.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide financial statements. The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations and day care operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 17 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 48 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$20,118,469 as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e. land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions, including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Net Position for the Years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023

The following is a summary of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	2024	2023
Current assets	\$ 8,401,054	\$ 9,927,320
Noncurrent assets	42,155,561	41,415,882
Total assets	50,556,615	51,343,202
Deferred outflows	6,287,097	7,739,386
Current liabilities	1,917,649	2,264,887
Noncurrent liabilities	25,582,899	31,518,594
Total liabilities	27,500,548	33,783,481
Deferred inflows	9,224,695	5,442,228
Net position:		
Investment in capital assets (net of debt)	28,944,986	28,910,994
Restricted	(14,667,066)	(15,340,959)
Unrestricted	5,840,549	6,286,844
Total net position	\$ 20,118,469	\$ 19,856,879

Comments on General Fund Budget Comparisons

- The District's total General Fund revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of sale of assets, was \$23,275,388.
- General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$6,064,965 more than budget or approximately 35.21%.
- The total cost of General Fund programs and services was \$24,409,464, net of interfund transfers.
- General Fund expenses exceeded revenues by \$1,155,579 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	2024	2023
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 77,663	\$ 79,191
Operating grants and capital grants	9,241,485	9,475,097
Total grant revenues	9,319,148	9,554,288
General Revenues		
Taxes	10,736,594	11,391,560
Grants and entitlements	16,269,019	12,178,880
Earnings on investments	11,719	7,321
Other local sources (uses)	(865,710)	2,992,206
Total general revenues	26,151,622	26,569,967
Total revenues	35,470,770	36,124,255
Expenses		
Instructional	19,526,479	19,207,498
Student support services	1,702,909	1,409,791
Staff support	2,500,932	1,986,075
District administration	733,959	748,906
School administration	1,907,164	1,935,127
Business support	1,023,558	1,042,612
Plant operations	3,117,804	3,154,709
Student transportation	1,438,521	1,654,025
Other instructional	33,554	-
Food service operation	2,512,912	1,956,924
Community service	242,183	223,429
Facility acquisition and construction	30,704	29,727
Interest on long-term debt	438,501	404,874
Total expenses	35,209,180	33,753,697
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 261,590	\$ 2,370,558

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1^{st} – June 30^{th} ; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget with \$3,537,067, in contingency (14%).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

LOCAL INFORMATION

Carroll County has an estimated 10,900 residents per the 2012 census. Carrollton is the county seat of Carroll County and was established in 1838. It is bordered on the west by the Kentucky River and the north by the Ohio River. The city has a Mayor/Council form of government.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the school district's finances and to reflect the school district's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to Superintendent, Casey Jaynes, or Finance Officer, Jon Conrad at (502) 732-7070 or by mail to Carroll County Public Schools, 813 Hawkins Street, Carrollton, Kentucky 41008.

Statement of Net Position – District Wide As of June 30, 2024

	 vernmental Activities	iness-Type ctivities	Total
Assets			
Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,414,963	\$ 87,586	\$ 6,502,549
Accounts receivable	1,514,810	145,888	1,660,698
Prepaids	205,440	-	205,440
Inventories for consumption	<u>-</u> _	 32,367	32,367
Total current	8,135,213	265,841	 8,401,054
Noncurrent:			
Subscription assets	172,710		172,710
Nondepreciated capital assets:			
Land	606,383	-	606,383
Depreciated capital assets:			
Land improvements	3,653,113	-	3,653,113
Buildings and improvements	55,463,792	-	55,463,792
Furniture and equipment	12,419,132	1,125,945	13,545,077
Less: accumulated depreciation	(30,480,076)	 (805,438)	 (31,285,514)
Total noncurrent	41,835,054	 320,507	 42,155,561
Total assets	49,970,267	586,348	50,556,615
Deferred outflows	6,085,848	201,249	6,287,097
Liabilities and Net Position Liabilities Current:			
Current portion of subscription liabilities	36,381	-	36,381
Current portion of bonds payable	1,074,000	-	1,074,000
Accounts payable	318,914	-	318,914
Accrued interest	138,190	-	138,190
Accrued sick leave	15,221	-	15,221
Unearned revenues	334,943		334,943
Total current	1,917,649		1,917,649
Noncurrent:			
Subscription liabilities	115,823	-	115,823
Accrued sick leave	136,984	-	136,984
MIF net OPEB liability	3,126,949	103,403	3,230,352
CERS net pension liability	9,791,577	323,792	10,115,369
Bond obligations	11,984,371	 	 11,984,371
Total noncurrent	25,155,704	427,195	25,582,899
Total liabilities	 27,073,353	 427,195	 27,500,548
Deferred inflows	8,929,414	295,281	 9,224,695
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	28,624,479	320,507	28,944,986
Restricted	(14,411,680)	(255,386)	(14,667,066)
Unrestricted	5,840,549	-	5,840,549
Total net position	\$ 20,053,348	\$ 65,121	\$ 20,118,469

Statement of Activities – District Wide Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Program Revenues						Net (Exper	-	Position	Cilaii	iyes	
Function/Programs		Function/Programs Expenses		arges for ervices			Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmenta Activities				Total	
Governmental activities:														
Instructional	\$	19,526,479	\$	-	\$	4,854,641	\$	-	\$	(14,671,838)	\$	-	\$	(14,671,838)
Student support services		1,702,909		-		314,041		-		(1,388,868)		-		(1,388,868)
Staff support services		2,500,932		-		157,534		-		(2,343,398)		-		(2,343,398)
District administration		733,959		-		-		-		(733,959)		-		(733,959)
School administration		1,907,164		-		285		-		(1,906,879)		-		(1,906,879)
Business support services		1,023,558		-		72,021		-		(951,537)		-		(951,537)
Plant operation and maintenance		3,117,804		-		141,889		-		(2,975,915)		-		(2,975,915)
Student transportation		1,438,521		-		77,170		-		(1,361,351)		-		(1,361,351)
Other instructional		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community service operations		242,183		-		242,183		-		-		-		-
Facility acquisition and construction		30,704		-		-		1,014,775		984,071		-		984,071
Food service operation		54,552		-		54,552		-		-		-		-
Other		33,554		-		-		-		(33,554)		-		(33,554)
Interest on long-term debt	-	438,501								(438,501)				(438,501)
Total governmental activities		32,750,820				5,914,316		1,014,775	_	(25,821,729)			_	(25,821,729)
Business-type activities														
Food service		2,458,360		77,663		2,312,394				-		(68,303)		(68,303)
Total business-type activities		2,458,360		77,663		2,312,394			_			(68,303)	_	(68,303)
Total school district	\$	35,209,180	\$	77,663	\$	8,226,710	\$	1,014,775		(25,821,729)		(68,303)		(25,890,032)
					Gene	eral revenues:								
					Ta	xes				10,736,594		_		10,736,594
					Sta	te and federal	sources	S		16,269,019		-		16,269,019
					Inv	estment earnin	as			11,405		314		11,719
						ner local uses	90			(873,125)		-		(873,125)
						ecial items:				(070,120)				(070,120)
				Special items: Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets				12,577		(5,162)		7,415		
			Total general and special revenues					26,156,470		(4,848)		26,151,622		
					Char	nge in net posi	ition			334,741		(73,151)		261,590
					Net	oosition - begi	nning			19,718,607		138,272		19,856,879
					Net	oosition - endi	ng		\$	20,053,348	\$	65,121	\$	20,118,469

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2024

		General Fund				Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets									
Current: Cash (overdraft) and cash equivalents	\$	5,789,884	\$	(456,620)	\$	1,081,699	\$	6,414,963	
Prepaids	Ф	205,440	Φ	(450,020)	Φ	1,061,099	Φ	205,440	
Accounts receivable		721,940		792,870		<u>-</u>		1,514,810	
Total assets	\$	6,717,264	\$	336,250	\$	1,081,699	\$	8,135,213	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities Current:									
Accounts payable	\$	175,703	\$	1,307	\$	141,904	\$	318,914	
Unearned revenue	Ψ	-	Ψ	334,943	Ψ	-	Ψ	334,943	
		175,703		336,250		141,904		653,857	
Total liabilities		175,703		336,250		141,904		653,857	
Fund Balances									
Assigned:									
Other		-		-		218,009		218,009	
Purchase obligations Restricted:		334,514		-		-		334,514	
Capital projects		_		-		200,666		200,666	
Other		_		-		521,120		521,120	
Committed:									
Sick Leave		76,103		-		-		76,103	
Unassigned		6,130,944		-		-		6,130,944	
Total fund balances		6,541,561		_		939,795		7,481,356	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,717,264	\$	336,250	\$	1,081,699	\$	8,135,213	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2024

Total governmental fund balance		\$ 7,481,356
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Subscription assets	172,710	
Construction in process	-	
Cost of capital assets	72,142,420	
Accumulated depreciation	(30,480,076)	
		41,835,054
Deferred outflows		
Related to CERS	1,605,860	
CERS contributions made after the measurement date	1,120,366	
Related to MIF	2,949,806	
MIF contributions made after the measurement date	409,816	
		6,085,848
Deferred inflows		
Related to CERS	(2,399,433)	
Related to MIF	(6,529,981)	
		(8,929,414)
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Subscription liabilities		(152,204)
Bonds payable		(13,058,371)
Accrued interest on bonds		(138,190)
Net pension liability		(9,791,577)
MIF net OPEB liability		(3,126,949)
Accrued sick leave		 (152,205)
Total net position - governmental		\$ 20,053,348

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	10,238,135	\$	-	\$	498,459	\$	10,736,594
Earnings on investments		9,841		-		1,564		11,405
State sources		12,820,758		1,073,900		1,014,775		14,909,433
Federal sources		114,306		4,795,250		-		4,909,556
Other sources		92,348		45,166		449,002		586,516
Total revenues		23,275,388		5,914,316		1,963,800		31,153,504
Expenditures								
Instructional		12,847,866		4,888,721		424,938		18,161,525
Student support services		1,388,262		314,041		· -		1,702,303
Staff support services		2,334,410		157,534		70		2,492,014
District administration		728,231		-		-		728,231
School administration		1,906,476		285		-		1,906,761
Business support services		951,537		72,021		-		1,023,558
Plant operation and maintenance		2,631,952		141,889		-		2,773,841
Student transportation		1,477,409		77,170		-		1,554,579
Food service operation		-		54,552		-		54,552
Community service operations		-		242,183		-		242,183
Facility acquisition and construction		-		-		1,856,683		1,856,683
Debt service:								
Principal		64,993		-		975,007		1,040,000
Interest		78,328		-		336,698		415,026
Other		<u>-</u>		-		33,554		33,554
Total expenditures		24,409,464		5,948,396		3,626,950		33,984,810
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		(1,134,076)		(34,080)		(1,663,150)		(2,831,306)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Loan and bond proceeds		-		-		1,870,000		1,870,000
Bond discount		-		-		(37,161)		(37,161)
Proceeds from sale of assets		12,577		-		-		12,577
Operating transfers in		-		34,080		877,216		911,296
Operating transfers out		(34,080)				(877,216)		(911,296)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(21,503)		34,080		1,832,839		1,845,416
Net change in fund balance		(1,155,579)		-		169,689		(985,890)
Fund balance, July 1, 2023		7,697,140				770,106		8,467,246
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$	6,541,561	\$		\$	939,795	\$	7,481,356

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net changes-governmental funds	\$ (985,890)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use	
current financial resources. However in the statement of activities	
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital	
outlays exceed depreciation expense for the year.	
Recognition of subscription asset 25,676	
Amortization of subscription asset (115,561)	
Reduction of subscription liability 88,180	
Depreciation expense (1,631,869)	
Capital outlays 2,386,682	
<u> </u>	753,108
Bond and financing lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in	755,106
governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance.	
In the statement of net position however, issuing debt increases long-term	
liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment	
of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability	
in the statement of net position.	1,040,000
Bond principal paid	
Proceeds from sale of bonds	(1,870,000)
Bond discount	37,161
Amortization of bond premium	763
Amortization of bond discount	(1,791)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(191,993)
Deferred outflows related to MIF	(1,221,454)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,413,683
Deferred inflows related to MIF	(5,069,697)
	(0,000,001)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited	
to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are	
recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
	 6,430,851
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 334,741

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2024

	Food Service	Total
Assets Current		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories for consumption	\$ 87,586 145,888 32,367	\$ 87,586 145,888 32,367
Total current	265,841	265,841
Noncurrent Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	1,125,945 (805,438)	1,125,945 (805,438)
Total noncurrent	320,507	320,507
Total assets	586,348	586,348
Deferred outflows	201,249	201,249
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities Noncurrent MIF net OPEB liability CERS net pension liability	103,403 323,792	103,403 323,792
Total noncurrent	427,195	427,195
Total liabilities	427,195	427,195
Deferred inflows	295,281	295,281
Net Position (deficit)		
Invested in assets, net of debt Restricted	320,507 (255,386)	320,507 (255,386)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 65,121	\$ 65,121

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service	Total
Operating revenues		
Lunchroom sales	\$ 69,175	\$ 69,175
Other operating revenues	8,488	8,488
Total operating revenues	77,663	77,663
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	786,591	786,591
Contract services	58,243	58,243
Materials and supplies	1,574,423	1,574,423
Depreciation	36,216	36,216
Other operating expenses	2,887	2,887
Total operating expenses	2,458,360	2,458,360
Operating loss	(2,380,697)	(2,380,697)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Federal grants	2,062,490	2,062,490
State grants	123,740	123,740
Donated commodities and other donations	126,164	126,164
Loss on sale of capital assets, net	(5,162)	(5,162)
Interest income	314	314
Total nonoperating revenues	2,307,546	2,307,546
Change in net position	(73,151)	(73,151)
Total net position (deficit), July 1, 2023	138,272	138,272
Total net position (deficit), June 30, 2024	\$ 65,121	\$ 65,121

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from lunchroom sales Cash received from other activities Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 69,175 (126,368) (817,193) (1,634,755)	\$ 69,175 (126,368) (817,193) (1,634,755)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,509,141)	(2,509,141)
Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets	(116,129)	(116,129)
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(116,129)	(116,129)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received	2,312,394	2,312,394
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	2,312,394	2,312,394
Cash flows from investing activities Interest on investments	314	314
Net cash provided by investing activities	314	314
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(312,562)	(312,562)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	400,148	400,148
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 87,586	\$ 87,586
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities Operating loss	\$ (2,380,697)	\$ (2,380,697)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities Depreciation	36,216	36,216
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in deferred outflows Increase in deferred inflows Decrease in CERS net pension liability Decrease in MIF net OPEB liability Increase in accounts receivable Decrease in inventories	38,842 126,453 (42,796) (153,101) (134,856) 798	38,842 126,453 (42,796) (153,101) (134,856) 798
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (2,509,141)	\$ (2,509,141)
Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government	\$ 126,164	\$ 126,164
On behalf payments	\$ 91,349	\$ 91,349

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Carroll County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Carroll County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Carroll County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Carroll County School District Finance Corporation</u> - The Board authorized the establishment of the Carroll County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Carroll County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards included in this report on page 67 and 68. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) Special Revenue Activity Fund is used to support co-curricular activities and are not raised and expended by student groups. District activity funds accounted for in the District bank account are not subject to the Redbook and may be expended with more flexibility than school activity funds but must meet the "educational purpose" standard for all District expenditures.
- (D) The Activity Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

- I. Governmental Fund Types (Continued)
- (E) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. The District is committed to construction contracts in the amount of \$560,077 for ongoing projects.

II. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a nonmajor fund of the District.

III. Proprietary Fund (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The Food Service fund is a major fund of the District.

The Day Care Fund accounts for the daycare operations of the District. Amounts have been recorded for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky.

IV. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Trust Funds)

The Trust Fund is used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Revenues consist of donations and interest income. Expenditures represent scholarships.

The District applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The GASB is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local government through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP of the United States of America. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased, except for inventories in the Proprietary Fund, which are capitalized at the lower of cost or market.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the district-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars, with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property, for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

<u>Description</u>	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	5-15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years
Other	10 years

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount up to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the district-wide financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of financing leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Reserves

Beginning with fiscal year 2012 the District implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the District's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – amounts the District intends to use for specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – amounts that are available for purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances are not liabilities and are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

Subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) represents the right of the District control of the right to use another party's software. Subscription assets and liabilities represent those agreements in excess of 12 months, including any renewals in which the District is reasonably certain to extend. Subscription assets include the initial measurement of the subscription liability, any prepayments associated with the SBITA at the commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable initial implementation costs. A subscription liability is recognized for the net present value of any payments required during the noncancelable term.

NOTE 2 ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The amounts exceeding the federally insured limits are covered by a collateral agreement and the collateral is held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. The District has not experienced any losses in such accounts and the District believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Additions Deductions	
				June 30, 2024
Land	\$ 606,383	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 606,383
Land improvements	3,653,113	-	-	3,653,113
Buildings and improvements	46,413,249	9,050,543	-	55,463,792
Technology equipment	2,554,641	40,460	1,718	2,593,383
Vehicles	3,006,574	300,201	36,585	3,270,190
General equipment	6,335,517	220,042	-	6,555,559
Construction work in progress	7,224,564	1,781,760	9,006,324	
Totals at historical cost	69,794,041	11,393,006	9,044,627	72,142,420
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	1,414,304	182,656	-	1,596,960
Buildings and improvements	18,116,193	1,025,953	-	19,142,146
Technology equipment	2,355,143	45,474	1,718	2,398,899
Vehicles	2,099,421	168,968	36,585	2,231,804
General equipment	4,901,449	208,818		5,110,267
Total accumulated depreciation	28,886,510	1,631,869	38,303	30,480,076
Governmental activities capital				
assets - net	\$ 40,907,531	\$ 9,761,137	\$ 9,006,324	\$ 41,662,344
Business - Type Activities				
General equipment Technology equipment	\$ 1,043,132 -	\$ 116,129 -	\$ 33,316	\$ 1,125,945 -
	1.042.422	116 100	22.246	1 105 045
Totals at historical cost	1,043,132	116,129	33,316	1,125,945
Less: accumulated depreciation General equipment Technology equipment	797,376 	36,216 	28,154 <u>-</u>	805,438
Total accumulated depreciation	797,376	36,216	28,154	805,438
Business - type activities capital assets - net	\$ 245,756	\$ 79,913	\$ 5,162	\$ 320,507

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense by function for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Gov	vernmental	Busir	ness-Type
\$	827,606	\$	-
	606		-
	8,918		-
	5,728		-
	403		-
	604,465		-
	184,143		-
			36,216
\$	1,631,869	\$	36,216
	\$	606 8,918 5,728 403 604,465 184,143	\$ 827,606 \$ 606 8,918 5,728 403 604,465 184,143

NOTE 5 ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon providing proof of qualification as an annuitant from the Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System and County Employees Retirement System, certified and classified employees will receive from the District an amount up to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2024, this amount totaled approximately \$152,205 for those employees with twenty-seven or more years of experience.

NOTE 6 LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds		Rates
March 1, 2014	\$	3,625,000	1.00% - 3.45%
November 1, 2014		5,645,000	2.50% - 3.00%
April 1, 2018		4,140,000	1.94% - 3.35%
February 9, 2021		1,069,000	1.00%
April 26, 2022		2,592,000	3.00% - 3.25%
July 12, 2023		1,870,000	4.00%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Carroll County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 6 LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT (CONTINUED)

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. Note 17 sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal has been recorded in the financial statements.

All issues may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are reported in Note 17.

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 8

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided (Continued)

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. One month's service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's spouse will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 75% of the decedent's monthly average rate of pay. If the surviving spouse remarries, the monthly rate will be recalculated to 25% of the decedent's monthly average. Any dependent child will receive 50% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 75% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the following tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

The contribution requirement for CERS for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$1,423,870, which consisted of \$1,157,414 from the District and \$266,456 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$1,534,795 and \$1,500,170, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/employers/gasb-65-67/.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. New employees hired after July 1, 2008 but before December 31, 2021 who retire with less than ten years will receive monthly benefits equal to 1.7% of their final average salary for each year of service. New employees hired between July 1, 2008 and December 31, 2021 with between 10 to 20 years of service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service. New employees hired between July 1, 2008 and December 31, 2021 with between 20 to 26 years of service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.3% of their final average salary for each year of service. Lastly, new employees hired between July 1, 2008 and December 31, 2021 with between 26 to 30 years of service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.2% of their final average salary for each year of service. Effective January 1, 2022, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.8555% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to TRS. The contribution requirement for TRS for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$2,032,160, which consisted of \$527,669 from the District and \$1,504,491 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$1,888,400 and \$1,840,423, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund (MIF) is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 6.59% of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. 3.75% is paid by member contributions, 0.16% is credited to the Commonwealth, and 3.00% is contributed by the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability \$ 10,115,369

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District

45,973,992

\$ 56,089,361

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.157640% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$729,939 related to CERS. The District also recognized additional expense of \$3,341,108 and addition revenue of \$3,341,108 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth due to a change in assumptions. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 523,653	\$ 27,486
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,092,746	1,230,725
Changes of assumptions	-	927,081
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	42,564	293,486
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,157,415	
Total	\$ 2,816,378	\$ 2,478,778

\$1,157,415 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year end	ed Jur	ne 30:
2024	\$	(436,717)
2025		(510,987)
2026		225,816
2027		(97,927)
2028		_

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.3-10.3%	3.0-7.5%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.50%	7.10%

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

For CERS, mortality rates used for active members was PUB-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on a mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For TRS, mortality rates were based on Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2018 through 2022, is outlined in a report dated May 9, 2023. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS' and CERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	TRS Target Allocation	TRS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	CERS Target Allocation	CERS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US equity	38.0%	5.25%	50.0%	5.90%
Developed international Equity	15.7%	5.50%		
Emerging markets equity	5.3%	6.10%		
Private equity	7.0%	8.00%	10.0%	11.73%
Core bonds			10.0%	2.45%
Fixed income	15.0%	1.90%		
Specialty Credit			10.0%	3.65%
High yield	5.0%	3.80%		
Additional categories	5.0%	3.60%		
Real estate	7.0%	3.20%	7.0%	4.99%
Real return			13.0%	5.15%
Cash	2.0%	1.60%	0.0%	1.39%
Total	100%		100%	

Discount rate

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

	1%	Decrease	Curre	nt Discount Rate	1%	Increase
CERS District's proportionate share of net		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
pension liability	\$	12,771,264	\$	10,115,369	\$	7,908,220
KTRS District's proportionate share of net pension liability		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Carroll County Schools are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provided retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

CERS provides health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date. See Note 7 for tier classifications.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tiers disclosed in Note 7.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the Carroll County School District reported a liability of \$3,230,352 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.14 percent for TRS, which represents a decrease of 0.06 percent from June 30, 2022 and 0.16 percent for CERS, which is the same as it's proportion at June 30, 2022.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (217,648)
District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability	3,448,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 2,906,000
	\$ 6,136,352

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a reduction of OPEB expense of \$2,227,395 and revenue of \$226,087 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 151,734	\$ 4,259,389
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	471,320	457,832
Change of Assumptions	1,212,317	298,494
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,211,980	1,730,202
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	423,368	
Total	\$ 3,470,719	\$ 6,745,917

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$423,368 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Yeaı	r ende	d June 30:
20	24	\$	(945,986)
20	25		(1,107,081)
20:	26		(687,720)
20	27		(653,779)
20	28		(149,000)
There	afte	r	(155,000)

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	TRS	CERS
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.00 - 7.50%, including wage inflation	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%	
Wage Inflation	2.75%	
Healthcare cost trend rates		
Under 65	6.75% for FY 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2032	Initial trend starting at 6.40% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Ages 65 and Older		Initial trend starting at 6.30% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034	
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%	3.86%
Discount Rate	7.10%	5.93%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB investment	
	expense, including price inflation	

For TRS, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of the most actuarial experience studies, which covered the five-year period ending June, 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

For CERS, mortality rates used for active members was PUB-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on the mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash	1.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	 Decrease (6.10%)	 rent Discount ate (7.10%)	1'	% Increase (8.10%)
TRS District's net OPEB liability	\$ 4,435,000	\$ 3,448,000	\$	2,632,000
	 Decrease (4.93%)	 rent Discount ate (5.93%)	1'	% Increase (6.93%)
CERS				
Districts' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 408,433	\$ (217,648)	\$	(741,923)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
TRS							
District's net OPEB liability	\$	2,482,000	\$	3,448,000	\$	4,650,000	
	1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Trend Rate	1%	6 Increase	
CERS	1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Trend Rate	19	6 Increase	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description

TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the Carroll County School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	72,000
	\$ 72,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$7,153 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including
	inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.00 - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including
	price inflation

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of the most actuarial experience studies, which covered the five-year period ending June, 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	5.2%
International Equity	20.0%	5.8%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	4.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	 Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1	% Increase (8.10%)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ _	\$	-

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 9 CONTINGENCIES

Grant Fund Approval

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue the programs.

NOTE 10 INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is self-insured for unemployment insurance benefits. The District reimburses the state for any claims paid. The District purchases workers' compensation insurance through Kentucky Employer's Mutual Insurance. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 12 DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

The following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures, resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

General Fund	\$ 1,155,579
Food Service Fund	73,151

NOTE 13 COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 14 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The District was a participant in the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust (KSBIT) in which the District purchases general liability and workers' compensation insurance. As of June 30, 2024, the District has paid this liability in full.

NOTE 15 TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year.

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	 Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	KETS	\$ 34,080
Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service	821,078
Capital Outlay Fund	Construction Fund	Capital Projects	56,138

NOTE 16 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, total payments of \$5,776,450 were made for life insurance, health insurance, TRS matching, technology and administrative fees by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of activities.

General Fund	\$ 5,194,474
Debt Service	490,627
Food Service	 91,349
Total On-Behalf	\$ 5,776,450

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

2014, 2014-REF, 2018, 2021-REF, 2022 and 2023 issues

FISCAL YEAR	Carroll County School District						 	-	chool Facilitie	 1		
	Principal			Interest		Total	Principal		Interest	 Total	Re	quirements
2024-2025	\$	663,715	\$	398,402	\$	1,062,117	\$ 410,285	\$	95,738	\$ 506,023	\$	1,568,140
2025-2026 2026-2027		688,608 707.670		308,442 287.752		997,050 995,422	265,392 260,330		87,834 80,637	353,226 340,967		1,350,276 1,336,389
2027-2028		739,914		266,455		1,006,369	225,086		73,546	298,632		1,305,001
2028-2029		758,949		244,226		1,003,175	236,051		66,525	302,576		1,305,751
2029-2030		787,483		221,436		1,008,919	242,517		59,165	301,682		1,310,601
2030-2031		494,364		197,011		691,375	175,636		51,110	226,746		918,121
2031-2032		518,289		181,112		699,401	181,711		45,035	226,746		926,147
2032-2033		536,938		164,220		701,158	188,062		38,684	226,746		927,904
2033-2034		555,363		146,733		702,096	194,637		32,109	226,746		928,842
2034-2035		401,253		128,368		529,621	88,747		25,235	113,982		643,603
2035-2036		417,956		114,601		532,557	92,044		21,939	113,983		646,540
2036-2037		434,535		100,346		534,881	95,465		18,519	113,984		648,865
2037-2038		455,987		85,545		541,532	99,013		14,971	113,984		655,516
2038-2039		361,507		66,191		427,698	38,493		11,212	49,705		477,403
2039-2040		374,936		53,049		427,985	40,064		9,641	49,705		477,690
2040-2041		376,564		39,622		416,186	55,436		7,731	63,167		479,353
2041-2042		389,579		26,066		415,645	60,421		5,414	65,835		481,480
2042-2043		189,174		11,811		200,985	60,826		2,989	63,815		264,800
2043-2044		200,680		4,011		204,691	 44,320		885	 45,205		249,896
	\$	10,053,464	\$	3,045,399	\$	13,098,863	\$ 3,054,536	\$	748,919	\$ 3,803,455	\$	16,902,318

A summary of the changes in the principal of the outstanding bond obligations and sick leave accrual for the District during the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2023								
Bond obligations	\$	12,278,000	\$	1,870,000	\$	1,040,000	\$	13,108,000	
Bond premium	\$	2,734	\$		\$	763	\$	1,971	
Bond discount	\$	16,230	\$	37,161	\$	1,791	\$	51,600	
Accrued sick leave	\$	62,627	\$	113,647	\$	24,069	\$	152,205	

NOTE 18 SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The District has various subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) which are used for educational and administrative purposes. These arrangements grant licenses to use the underlying IT assets of the vendors for periods expiring between June 2025 and March 2029. The District recognized an intangible asset for the value of the licenses during the term of the arrangements. These assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term. The District recognized a subscription liability for the present value of the term using a discount rate of 3.0% - 4.0%, which represents the incremental borrowing rate at the time of commencement of the SBITA term.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 18 SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the District's change in subscription asset and liability accounts for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Balance Governmental Activities July 1, 2023			 Additions	Re	eductions	Balance ie 30, 2024
Subscription assets	\$	319,563	\$ 25,676	\$	76,677	\$ 268,562
Accumulated amortization	\$	56,968	\$ 115,561	\$	76,677	\$ 95,852
Subscription liability	\$	240,384	\$ 	\$	88,180	\$ 152,204

Future payments under the subscription liabilities are as follows:

	F	Principal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest		Total
2025	\$	36,381	\$	4,566	\$	40,947
2025	φ	37,472	φ	4,300 3,475	Ψ	40,947
2020		38,596		2,351		40,947
2028		39,755		1,192		40,947
	\$	152,204	\$	11,584	\$	163,788

There are no variable costs associated with the District's SBITAs.

NOTE 19 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were considered through October 29, 2024, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2024

	Debt Service Fund		uilding Fund	District Activity Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	School Activity Fund	Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Government Funds
Assets								
Current:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	121,822	\$ 102,947	\$ 78,844	\$ 218,009	\$ 560,077	\$ 1,081,699
Total current	\$	- \$	121,822	\$ 102,947	\$ 78,844	\$ 218,009	\$ 560,077	\$ 1,081,699
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 141,904	\$ 141,904
Total liabilities		<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u> </u>	141,904	141,904
Fund Balances:								
Assigned	\$	- \$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 218,009	\$ -	\$ 218,009
Restricted:	•	•		•	•	ψ 2.0,000	•	Ψ 2.0,000
Capital projects fund		_	121,822	_	78,844	_		200,666
Other		<u> </u>	-	102,947	_		418,173	521,120
Total fund balances		<u> </u>	121,822	102,947	78,844	218,009	418,173	939,795
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	\$	121,822	\$ 102,947	\$ 78,844	\$ 218,009	\$ 560,077	\$ 1,081,699

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Debt Service Fund	Building Fund	District Activity Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	School Activity Fund	Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Government Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ 498.459	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 498,459
Earnings on investments	Φ -	ъ 496,459 217	Ф -	φ - 65	Φ -	τ - 1,282	ъ 496,459 1,564
State sources	490,627	355,956	-	168,192	- -	1,202	1,014,775
Other sources	490,021		30,484	-	418,518	<u></u> _	449,002
Total revenues	490,627	854,632	30,484	168,257	418,518	1,282	1,963,800
Expenditures:							
Instructional	-	-	30,215	-	394,723	-	424,938
Staff support services	-	-	70	-	-	-	70
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	112,084	-	1,744,599	1,856,683
Debt service:							
Principal	975,007	-	-	-	-	-	975,007
Interest	336,698	=	-	=	=	-	336,698
Other		33,554					33,554
Total expenditures	1,311,705	33,554	30,285	112,084	394,723	1,744,599	3,626,950
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(821,078)	821,078	199	56,173	23,795	(1,743,317)	(1,663,150)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-	-	-	-	-	1,870,000	1,870,000
Bond discount	-	-	-	-	-	(37,161)	(37,161)
Operating transfers in	821,078	-	-	-	-	56,138	877,216
Operating transfers out		(821,078)		(56,138)	-		(877,216)
Total other financing sources(uses)	821,078	(821,078)		(56,138)	<u>-</u> _	1,888,977	1,832,839
Net change in fund balance	-	-	199	35	23,795	145,660	169,689
Fund balance, July 1, 2023		121,822	102,748	78,809	194,214	272,513	770,106
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 121,822	\$ 102,947	\$ 78,844	\$ 218,009	\$ 418,173	\$ 939,795

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 9,666,000	\$ 9,666,000	\$ 10,238,135	\$ 572,135
Earnings on investments	12,000	12,000	9,841	(2,159)
State sources	7,425,000	7,425,000	12,820,758	5,395,758
Federal sources	75,000	75,000	114,306	39,306
Other sources	45,000	45,000	104,925	59,925
Total revenues	17,223,000	17,223,000	23,287,965	6,064,965
Expenditures				
Instructional	9,978,360	9,966,480	12,847,866	(2,881,386)
Student support services	1,230,108	1,230,108	1,388,262	(158,154)
Staff support services	1,955,554	1,958,204	2,334,410	(376,206)
District administration	1,035,219	1,035,219	728,231	306,988
School administration	1,575,740	1,581,973	1,906,476	(324,503)
Business support services	815,487	815,487	951,537	(136,050)
Plant operation and maintenance	3,101,092	3,105,139	2,631,952	473,187
Student transportation	1,728,166	1,728,166	1,477,409	250,757
Other instructional	6,000	6,000	-	6,000
Food service operation	2,530	2,530	-	2,530
Debt service	175,680	175,680	143,321	32,359
Other	3,276,975	3,275,925	34,080	3,241,845
Total expenditures	24,880,911	24,880,911	24,443,544	437,367
Net change in fund balance	(7,657,911)	(7,657,911)	(1,155,579)	6,502,332
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	7,657,911	7,657,911	7,697,140	39,229
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$	\$ 6,541,561	\$ 6,541,561

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 946,540	\$ 909,527	\$ 1,073,900	\$ 164,373
Federal sources	4,146,767	4,513,985	4,795,250	281,265
Other sources	47,730	81,040	79,246	(1,794)
Total revenues	5,141,037	5,504,552	5,948,396	443,844
Expenditures				
Instructional	4,074,476	4,417,173	4,888,721	(471,548)
Student support services	147,804	233,704	314,041	(80,337)
Staff support services	142,614	136,774	157,534	(20,760)
School administration	-	-	285	(285)
Business support services	56,860	56,860	72,021	(15,161)
Plant operation and maintenance	380,444	336,951	141,889	195,062
Student transportation	101,243	101,243	77,170	24,073
Food service operation	41,269	41,269	54,552	(13,283)
Community service operations	196,327	216,327	242,183	(25,856)
Total expenditures	5,141,037	5,540,301	5,948,396	(408,095)
Net change in fund balance	-	(35,749)	-	35,749
Fund balance, July 1, 2023				
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ (35,749)	\$ -	\$ 35,749

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Bond and Interest Redemption Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Issu 2014		Issue of 2014		ssue of 2018	ssue of 21 - Ref	ssue of 22 Energy	Issue of 2023	Total
Cash at July 1, 2023	\$		\$ 	\$	_	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits	50	00,200	276,848		269,400	223,910	143,328	41,340	 1,455,026
Disbursements: Bonds paid Interest coupons		0,000	195,000 81,848		150,000 119,400	220,000 3,910	65,000 78,328	- 41,340	1,040,000 415,026
Total disbursements	50	00,200	 276,848		269,400	 223,910	143,328	41,340	 1,455,026
Excess of receipts over disbursements									
Cash at June 30, 2024			 			 	 		
Fund Balance at June 30, 2024	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 		\$

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Carroll County High School Activity Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Fund Balance			Fund Balance
	July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2024
Academic Banquet	\$ 147	\$ 910	\$ 857	\$ 200
Academic Team	53	98	-	151
Athletics	8,373	29,553	31,109	6,817
Athletic-Special	2,440	45,888	44,681	3,647
Baseball	8,714	6,777	5,511	9,980
Bass Fishing	300	1,185	1,200	285
Boys Basketball	6,909	13,368	16,133	4,144
Boys Bball CCJP	2,109	-	-	2,109
CCHS Band	-	1,260	195	1,065
CCHS Greenhouse	14,685	11,927	15,232	11,380
CCHS Print Shop	302	-	-	302
Charitable Gaming	-	2,654	2,654	-
Cheerleaders	1,659	64,401	60,450	5,610
Cross Country	353	659	755	257
Dance Team	1,070	1,641	1,310	1,401
District Act. Transfer	-	17,059	17,059	· •
Dra	4,476	1,550	1,744	4,282
e-sports	340	2,302	1,477	1,165
Europe Trip Fund	5	-	-	5
FBLA	715	225	259	681
FCA	110	-	-	110
FFA	474	19,640	12,514	7,600
FFA Farm	4,130	-	4,000	130
Field Trips	591	32	623	-
Football	361	38,109	35,780	2,690
Fresh Powder Puff	18	135	141	12
Girls Bball CCJP	1,897	-	-	1,897
Golf - Boys	1,626	1	1,036	591
Golf - Girls	282	-	-	282
Guitar Club	25	-	-	25
Honor Guard	5,013	-	-	5,013
I.T. Society	11	-	-	11
Junior Class Acnt	-	1,925	-	1,925
Junior Powder Puff	16	375	365	26
Senior Prom	10,799	4,450	6,712	8,537
Kuna/Y-Club	44	48	-	92
Lady Panthers Basketball	10,579	21,472	24,244	7,807
Laptop fee	-	14,613	14,613	-

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Carroll County High School Activity Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Fund Balance			Fund Balance
	July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2024
Law Enforcement	\$ 155	\$ 182	\$ 212	\$ 125
Library	1,616	283	586	1,313
National Honor Society	669	-	37	632
PBIS	-	897	397	500
PBL - Floral Design	-	1,286	1,006	280
Pep Club	207	340	534	13
Principal's Fund	1,292	2,975	2,288	1,979
Retirement Fund	4	-	-	4
Robotics	949	-	-	949
Scholarship Fund	1,500	1,500	3,000	-
Senior Class to KI	-	3,440	3,440	-
Senior Powder Puff	55	252	231	76
Senior Shirts	645	1,620	968	1,297
Senior Trip	5,317	887	6,188	16
Soccer - Boys	5,339	8,221	10,122	3,438
Soccer - Girls	1,959	5,750	3,409	4,300
Softball	3,015	15,703	9,431	9,287
Soph Powder Puff	58	270	308	20
Special Needs	1,532	117	173	1,476
Startup	-	2,000	2,000	-
STLP	56	-	-	56
Student Council	163	355	-	518
Student Fees	2	198	200	-
Sunshine Fund	390	2,189	2,242	337
Tennis	983	-	-	983
Track	395	6,324	5,995	724
TSA	205	-	-	205
Volleyball	2,355	16,710	4,923	14,142
Yearbook	8,119	1,922	2,175	7,866
Total	\$ 125,606	\$ 375,678	\$ 360,519	\$ 140,765

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance School Activity Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Kathryn Winn Primary	С	chard B. artmell ementary	oll County Middle	Total		
Fund balance at July 1, 2023	\$	3,937	\$	32,768	\$ 31,903	\$ 68,608		
Add: receipts		16,717		25,273	64,023	106,013		
Less: disbursements	(13,725)			(23,676)	(59,976)	(97,377)		
Fund balance at June 30, 2024	4 \$ 6,929			34,365	\$ 35,950	\$ 77,244		

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share

of the Net Pension Liability - TRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2023	_	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	45,973,992		48,172,215		37,811,570		41,654,744		39,031,286		37,382,614		77,824,170		84,471,494		66,469,057		60,659,015
Total	\$ 45,973,992	\$	\$ 48,172,215		\$ 37,811,570		\$ 41,654,744		\$ 39,031,286		37,382,614	\$ 77,824,170		\$	84,471,494	\$	66,469,057	\$	60,659,015
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,531,554	\$	10,419,627	\$	9,083,412	\$	10,394,517	\$	9,863,834	\$	9,700,727	\$	9,831,143	\$	9,577,980	\$	9,330,821		*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.68%		56.41%		65.59%		58.27%		58.76%		59.27%		39.83%		35.22%		42.49%		45.59%

Changes of benefit terms: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

Changes of assumption: In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%

Changes of assumption: In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%

Changes of assumption: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflat adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation for the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SIER) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

Changes of assumption: In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%

Changes of assumption: In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%

Changes of assumption: In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Mortality Tables projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Schedule of District Contributions - TRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 527,669	\$ 525,882	\$ 503,038	\$ 466,026	\$ 469,237	\$ 435,996	\$ 427,209	\$ 449,922	\$ 424,770	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(527,669)	(525,882)	(503,038)	(466,026)	(469,237)	(435,996)	(427,209)	(449,922)	(424,770)	*
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,555,724	\$ 10,531,554	\$ 10,419,627	\$ 9,083,412	\$ 10,394,517	\$ 9,863,834	\$ 9,700,727	\$ 9,831,143	\$ 9,577,980	\$ 9,330,821
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	4.57%	4.99%	4.83%	5.13%	4.51%	4.42%	4.40%	4.58%	4.43%	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2023	2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		 2016	_	2015	 2014		
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.157646%	0.163467%		0.162073%	0.166529%			0.162175%		0.162175%		0.156821%	0.156821%		0.159579%	0.157534%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 10,115,369	\$ 11,817,051	\$	\$ 10,333,425 \$		12,772,636		11,143,578	\$	9,876,952	\$	9,279,365	\$ 7,721,284	\$	6,861,122	\$ 5,111,000		
Total net pension liability	\$ 6,416,508,407	\$ 7,229,013,496	\$	6,375,784,388	\$	7,669,917,211	\$	7,033,044,552	\$	6,090,304,793	\$	5,853,307,482	\$ 4,923,618,237	\$	4,299,525,565	\$ 3,244,377,000		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,768,051	\$ 4,628,088	\$	4,253,595	\$	4,399,653	\$	4,112,343	\$	4,144,878	\$	3,963,405	\$ 3,832,092	\$	3,755,151	*		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	212.15%	255.33%		242.93%		290.31%		270.98%		238.29%		234.13%	201.49%		182.71%	*		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.48%	52.42%	% 57.33%		47.81%		% 50.45%		53.54%		% 39.83%		39.83%		55.50%		59.97%	66.80%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2014: As cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumption: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

- 2015: The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- 2015: The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- 2015: The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- 2015: Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- 2015: The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- 2015: For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.
- 2015: The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.
- 2017: The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25T.
- 2017: The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- 2017: The assumed rate of salary growth was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.
- 2023: The assumed investment rate of return was increased from 6.25% to 6.50%

Schedule of District Contributions - CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	 2018	2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,157,415	\$	1,277,152	\$	1,247,270	\$ 1	,023,414	\$ 1,058,557	\$	882,445	\$ 794,988	\$ 740,365	\$	653,753	\$ 663,535
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,157,415)		(1,277,152)	_	(1,247,270)	(1	,023,414)	(1,058,557)		(882,445)	 (794,988)	(740,365)	_	(653,753)	 (663,535)
Contribution deficiency	\$ 	\$		\$	_	\$		\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,903,279	\$	4,768,051	\$	4,628,088	\$ 4	,253,595	\$ 4,399,653	\$	4,112,343	\$ 4,144,878	\$ 3,963,405	\$	3,832,092	\$ 3,755,151
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	23.60%		26.79%		26.95%		24.06%	24.06%		21.46%	19.18%	18.68%		17.06%	17.67%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2023	_	2022	2022 2021		_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	 2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%	0%	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		72,000		82,000		36,000		95,000		83,000		75,000	59,000	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$	72,000	\$	82,000	\$	36,000	\$	95,000	\$	83,000	\$	75,000	\$ 59,000	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,531,554	\$	10,419,627	\$	9,083,412	\$	10,394,517	\$	9,863,834	\$	9,700,727	\$ 9,831,143	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0%	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		76.91%		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		74.97%	79.99%	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	24 years
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount rate	7.50%

Schedule of District Contributions - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution							*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency							*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,555,724	\$ 10,531,554	\$ 10,419,627	\$ 9,083,412	\$ 10,394,517	\$ 9,863,834	\$ 9,700,727	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2023	 2022	_	2021	_	2020	2019	2018	 2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.141563%	0.203148%		0.153523%		0.156068%	0.150862%	0.145767%	0.573386%	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 3,448,000	\$ 5,043,000	\$	3,294,000	\$	3,939,000	\$ 4,415,000	\$ 5,058,000	\$ 5,378,000	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 2,906,000	\$ 1,657,000	\$	2,675,000	\$	3,155,000	\$ 3,566,000	\$ 4,359,000	\$ 4,393,000	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 6,354,000	\$ 6,700,000	\$	5,969,000	\$	7,094,000	\$ 7,981,000	\$ 9,417,000	\$ 9,771,000	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,531,554	\$ 10,419,627	\$	9,083,412	\$	10,394,517	\$ 9,863,834	\$ 9,700,727	\$ 9,831,143	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	32.7%	48.4%		36.3%		37.9%	44.8%	52.1%	54.7%	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.97%	47.75%		51.74%		39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None

Change in assumptions -

2023: The health care trend rates, as well as the TRS 4 retirement decrements, were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

The Health Trust is not funded based on actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts as noted in the assumed asset allocation for MIF.

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 268,239	\$ 269,552	\$ 272,504	\$ 275,626	\$ 262,692	\$ 259,657	\$ 258,404	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(268,239)	(269,552)	(272,504)	(275,626)	(262,692)	(259,657)	(258,404)	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency								*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,555,724	\$ 10,531,554	\$ 10,419,627	\$ 9,083,412	\$ 10,394,517	\$ 9,863,834	\$ 9,700,727	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	2.32%	2.56%	2.62%	3.03%	2.53%	2.63%	2.66%	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of District Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.157640%	0.163438%	0.162035%	0.166481%	0.158622%	0.162169%	0.158532%	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (217,648)	\$ 3,225,471	\$ 3,102,079	\$ 4,020,010	\$ 2,667,951	\$ 2,879,278	\$ 3,187,035	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (217,648)	\$ 3,225,471	\$ 3,102,079	\$ 4,020,010	\$ 2,667,951	\$ 2,879,278	\$ 3,187,035	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,768,051	\$ 4,628,088	\$ 4,253,595	\$ 4,399,653	\$ 4,112,343	\$ 4,144,878	\$ 3,963,405	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	4.6%	69.7%	72.9%	91.4%	64.9%	69.5%	80.4%	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	104.23%	60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in assumptions: None

2018: Updated health care trend rates were implemented.

2023: The health care trend rates were increased to reflect future anticipated experience.

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	155,129	\$ 188,493	\$ 197,052	\$ 203,044	\$ 210,514	\$ 188,916	\$ 182,571	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(155,129)	(188,493)	(197,052)	(203,044)	(210,514)	\$ (188,916)	\$ (182,571)	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency				_			_	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$4,903,279	\$ 4,768,051	\$ 4,628,088	\$ 4,253,595	\$ 4,399,653	\$ 4,112,343	\$ 4,144,878	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	3.16%	3.95%	4.26%	4.77%	4.78%	4.59%	4.40%	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal Assistance Listing		Federal Expenditures for FYE
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Number	Agreement Number	06/30/2024
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 22	\$ 99,426
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	3810002 23	481,515
Total CFDA #84.027			580,941
Special Education_Grants to States	84.327	3800002 21	77
Special Education_Grants to States	84.327	3800002 22	552
Special Education Grants to States	84.327	3800002 23	2,003
Total CFDA #84.327			2,632
Total Special Education Cluster			583,573
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	310002 20	1,849
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	310002 21	5,308
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	310002 22	270,921
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	310002 23	682,958
Total CFDA #84.010			961,036
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 21	576
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 22	19,325
Total CFDA #84.048			19,901
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002 21	1,686
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002 22	1,318
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002 23	13,572
Total CFDA #84.365			16,576
Title II Part A Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	3230002 23	94,226
Total CFDA #84.367A			94,226
Title IV Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002-21	5,640
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002-21	25,931
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002-23	29,935
Total CFDA #84.424A			61,506
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 22	18,078
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 23	18,636
Total CFDA #84.358			36,714
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEERS)	84.425C	CARE 21	20,333
Total CFDA #84.425C			20,333
First Times Lang Times (Tuities pains)	04.405D	4000000 04	
First Time Long Time (Tuition reimbursement) Total CFDA #84.425D	84.425D	4000002 21	<u>26,284</u> 26,284
	04.40511	4000005 04	
Deeper Learning (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	4300005-21	32,438
Emergency Relief Fund Summer (ARP ESSER) Emergency Relief Fund Before/After School (ARP ESSER)	84.425U 84.425U	4300007-21 4300006-21	69,813 159,214
Total CFDA #84.425U	04.4200	4300000-21	261,465
Homeless Children and Youth Phase II (ARP)	84.425W	4980001-21	19,108
Total CFDA #84.425C	04.42000	1 000001-21	19,108
Total Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			2,100,722
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,100,722

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Agreement Number	Federal Expenditures for FYE 06/30/2024
U.S. Department of Agriculture		Agroomone Humbon	
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22	128
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	91,294
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-24	416,391
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-23	216,723
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-24	943,423
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-23	65,643
Summer food program	10.559	7690024-23	16,784
Summer food program	10.559	7690024-24	13,538
Summer food program	10.559	7740023-23	163,218
Summer food program	10.559	7740023-24	132,351
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-23	2,997
Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture			2,062,490
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation (Commodities)	10.555	057502-02	126,164
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,188,654
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,188,654
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct Federal Funds			
American Rescue Plan Head Start	93.600	DIRECT	6,203
Head Start	93.600	DIRECT	6,747
Head Start	93.600	DIRECT	97,181
Head Start	93.600	DIRECT	1,146,309
Early Head Start	93.600	DIRECT	157,911
Early Head Start	93.600	DIRECT	1,121,011
Total CFDA #93.600			2,535,362
Child Care Development Funds (Start Up Stipend)	93.575	DIRECT	46,398
Total CFDA #93.575			46,398
Northern Kentucky Trauma Informed Total CFDA #93.243	93.243	DIRECT	30,700 30,700
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,612,460
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,901,836

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Carroll County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024, and is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Carroll County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported food commodities expended in the amount of \$126,164.

NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not have any subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2024.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Education Carroll County School District Carrollton, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carroll County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carroll County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carroll County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carroll County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted other matters that we reported to management of the District on pages 77-79.

BARNES DENNIG

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky

Gunes, Dunig & Co., Std.

October 29, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Carroll County School District Carrollton, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carroll County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Carroll County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Carroll County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Carroll County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Carroll County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carroll County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Carroll County School District's federal programs.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONTINUED)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Carroll County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Carroll County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Carroll County School District's compliance with
 the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Carroll County School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carroll County
 School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

BARNES DENNIG

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONTINUED)

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky

Gunes, Dunig & Co., Std.

October 29, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: <u>Unmodified</u> Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Χ • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be None material weaknesses? noted Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Χ No • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be None material weaknesses? Yes Χ noted Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? Yes No Identification of major programs FAL No. Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553/10.555/10.559/10.560 Child Nutrition Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes No Χ **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS** No matters are reportable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

Reference Number Summary of Findings Status

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

No matters are reportable.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

Management Letter Comments Year Ended June 30, 2024

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Carroll County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated October 29, 2024 contains our report on significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated October 29, 2024, on the financial statements of the Carroll County School District.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

2024-01: Old outstanding checks

Criteria – Per best practices recommended by the Kentucky Department of Education, outstanding checks should not be carried longer than 12 months.

Condition – During the testing of cash, it was noted that there were several outstanding checks carried longer than 12 months.

Effect – Best practices over cash were not followed.

Cause – Internal controls were not properly followed as designed by the District.

Recommendation – We recommend that the Finance Director review all outstanding checks on a regular basis to ensure there are no outstanding checks carried longer than 12 months.

Board Response – The Chief Financial Officer will review outstanding checks on a regular basis to ensure that no checks are aged in excess of one year.

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Carroll County High School

Management Letter Comments (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

Carroll County Middle School

No matters are reportable

Kathryn Winn Primary School

No matters are reportable

Richard B. Cartmell Elementary School

Management Letter Comments (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

Statement of prior year deficiency: It was noted that there were outstanding checks over one year old.

Current year follow-up: See 2024-01.

Carroll County High School

Statement of prior year deficiency: It was noted that several monthly financial reports were not prepared timely.

Current year follow-up: No such instances noted in the current year.

Carroll County Middle School

No matters are reportable

Kathryn Winn Primary School

No matters are reportable

Richard B. Cartmell Elementary School